#### **GRADE 5**

Course Code: 5020060

#### BODY OF KNOWLEDGE: L: Life Science – N: Nature of Science

Pacing	Date (s)
5 Days	03-31-14 to 04-04-14

#### **TOPIC XVII:** Human Body Organs and Functions

NEXT GENERATION SUNSHINE STATE STANDARD(S)	ESSENTIAL CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	INSTRUCTIONAL TOOLS	PRIOR GRADE LEVEL PREREQUISITE BENCHMARKS
and Development of Living Organisms SC.5.L.14.1 Big Idea 1: The Practice of Science	functions 1. skin 2. brain 3. heart 4. lungs 5. stomach	human body including the skin, brain, heart, lungs, stomach, liver, intestines, pancreas, muscles, skeleton, reproductive organs, kidneys, bladder,	<b><u>Vocabulary</u>:</b> skin, brain, heart, lungs, stomach, liver, bones, skeleton, bladder, muscles, kidneys, pancreas, small intestine, large intestine, testes, ovaries, fertilization.	human body parts (brain, heart, lungs, stomach, muscles, and skeleton) and their basic functions.
SC.5.N.1.1 SC.5.N.1.2 SC.5.N.1.3 SC.5.N.1.4 SC.5.N.1.5 SC.5.N.1.6	<ol> <li>liver</li> <li>intestines         <ul> <li>a. small intestine</li> <li>b. large intestine</li> <li>8. pancreas</li> <li>9. muscles</li> <li>10. skeleton</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	<ul> <li>and sensory organs.</li> <li>Describe the functions of these human body organs including the skin, brain, heart, lungs, stomach, liver, intestines, pancreas, muscles, skeleton,</li> </ul>	Technology:       (see p. 6-8)         Gizmos:       Circulatory System         Digestive System       Inheritance         Strategies:       Use the Five E's, Inquiry, Think/Pair/Share,	
Big Idea 2: The Characteristics of Scientific Knowledge SC.5.N.2.1 SC.5.N.2.2	<ul> <li>11. female reproductive organs <ul> <li>a. ovary</li> </ul> </li> <li>12. male reproductive organs <ul> <li>a. testes</li> </ul> </li> <li>13. kidneys</li> <li>14. bladder</li> <li>15. sensory organs <ul> <li>a. eyes</li> <li>b. ears</li> <li>c. nose</li> <li>d. tongue</li> <li>e. skin</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>reproductive organs, kidneys, bladder, and sensory organs.</li> <li>Raise questions related to human body organs and their functions, do research, make a hypothesis, plan the investigation, collect and record data, draw a conclusion, and share results.</li> <li>Compare and contrast the function of organs and/or other physical structures of animals and/or plants (see SC.5.L.14.2).</li> </ul>	Centers/Stations, Cooperative Learning Groups, • ELL: • Enrichment: • SPED: Assessment: Teacher Observation, Portfolio Assessments, Journal, Lab Report Labs: (see p. 6-8) Directed Inquiry: How can you observe your pulse? p. 60 Quick Activity p. 70, 74 Guided Inquiry: What is your lung capacity? pp. 80 – 81 Essential Lab #9 "Feel the Beat: Pulse Rate" (see p. 6) <u>CPALMS</u> : (see p. 6) Systems of the Human Body	
			http://www.cpalms.org/Resources/PublicPreviewR esource1308.aspx	

#### GRADE 5

#### BODY OF KNOWLEDGE: LIFE SCIENCE

#### **Big Idea 14: Organization and Development of Living Organisms**

A. All plants and animals, including humans, are alike in some ways and different in others.

B. All plants and animals, including humans, have internal parts and external structures that function to keep them alive and help them grow and reproduce.
 C. Humans can better understand the natural world through careful observation.

BENCHMARK CODE	BENCHMARK
SC.5.L.14.1	Identify the organs in the human body and describe their functions, including the skin, brain, heart, lungs, stomach, liver, intestines, pancreas, muscles and skeleton, reproductive organs, kidneys, bladder, and sensory organs.
	Cognitive Complexity: Moderate

#### BODY OF KNOWLEDGE: NATURE OF SCIENCE

#### **Big Idea 1: The Practice of Science**

A: Scientific inquiry is a multifaceted activity; The processes of science include the formulation of scientifically investigable questions, construction of investigations into those questions, the collection of appropriate data, the evaluation of the meaning of those data, and the communication of this evaluation.

B: The processes of science frequently do not correspond to the traditional portrayal of "the scientific method."

C: Scientific argumentation is a necessary part of scientific inquiry and plays an important role in the generation and validation of scientific knowledge. D: Scientific knowledge is based on observation and inference; it is important to recognize that these are very different things. Not only does science require creativity in its methods and processes, but also in its guestions and explanations.

BENCHMARK CODE	BENCHMARK
SC.5.N.1.1	Define a problem, use appropriate reference materials to support scientific understanding, plan and carry out scientific investigations of various types such as: systematic observations, experiments requiring the identification of variables, collecting and organizing data, interpreting data in charts, tables, and graphics, analyze information, make predictions, and defend conclusions. AA <u>Cognitive Complexity:</u> High
SC.5.N.1.2	Explain the difference between an experiment and other types of scientific investigation. Assessed as SC.N.1.1 <u>Cognitive Complexity</u> : Moderate
SC.5.N.1.3	Recognize and explain the need for repeated experimental trials. Assessed as SC.N.1.1 Cognitive Complexity: Moderate

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SC.5.N.1.4	Identify a control group and explain its importance in an experiment. Assessed as SC.N.1.1
	Cognitive Complexity: Moderate
SC.5.N.1.5	Recognize and explain the authentic scientific investigation frequently does not parallel the steps of "the scientific method. Assessed as SC.N.1.1
	Cognitive Complexity: Moderate
SC.5.N.1.6	Recognize and explain the difference between personal opinion/interpretation and verified observation. Assessed as SC.N.1.1
	Cognitive Complexity: Moderate
<b>Big Idea 2: The Characteristics of Scientific Knowledge</b> A: Scientific knowledge is based on empirical evidence, and is of the supernatural, aesthetic, or other ways of knowing, such B: Scientific knowledge is durable and robust, but open to cha C: Because science is based on empirical evidence it strives science include subjectivity, as well as creativity and discover	s appropriate for understanding the natural world, but it provides only a limited understanding as art, philosophy, or religion. ange. for objectivity, but as it is a human endeavor the processes, methods, and knowledge of y.
BENCHMARK CODE	BENCHMARK

BENCHMARK CODE	BENCHMARK
SC.5.N.2.1	Recognize and explain that science is grounded in empirical observations that are testable; explaining must always be linked with evidence. AA
	Cognitive Complexity: Moderate
SC.5.N.2.2	Recognize and explain that when scientific investigations are carried out, the evidence produced by those investigations should be replicable by others. AA
	Cognitive Complexity: Moderate

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Health, Math and Language Arts benchmarks should be integrated in appropriate topics throughout the year.

LANGUAGE ARTS: READING INFORMATIONAL TEXT	
LACC.5.RI.1: Key Ideas & Details	
BENCHMARK CODE	BENCHMARK
LACC.5.RI.1.3	Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text.
LACC.5.RI.2: Craft and Structure	
BENCHMARK CODE	BENCHMARK
LACC.5.RI.2.4	Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topics or subject area.
LACC.5.RI.4: Range of Reading and Complexity of Text	
BENCHMARK CODE	BENCHMARK
LACC.5.RI.4.10	By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 4–5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

LANGUAGE ARTS: WRITING	
LACC.5.W.3: Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
BENCHMARK CODE	BENCHMARK
LACC.5.W.3.8	Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.
LACC.5.W.3.9	Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

## LANGUAGE ARTS: SPEAKING AND LISTENING SKILLS

LACC.5.SL.1: Comprehension and Collaboration	
BENCHMARK CODE	BENCHMARK
LACC.5.SL.1.1	Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

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MATHEMATICS: MEASUREMENT AND DATA	
MACC.5.MD.2: Represent and interpret data.	
BENCHMARK CODE	BENCHMARK
MACC.5.MD.2.2	Make a line plot to display a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit (1/2, 1/4, 1/8). Use operations on fractions for this grade to solve problems involving information presented in line plots. For example, given different measurements of liquid in identical beakers, find the amount of liquid each beaker would contain if the total amount in all the beakers were redistributed equally.

#### MATHEMATICS: GEOMETRY

MACC.5.G.1: Graph points on the coordinate plane to solve real-world and mathematical problems.

BENCHMARK CODE	BENCHMARK
MACC.5.G.1.1	Use a pair of perpendicular number lines, called axes, to define a coordinate system, with the intersection of the lines (the origin) arranged to coincide with the 0 on each line and a given point in the plane located by using an ordered pair of numbers, called its coordinates. Understand that the first number indicates how far to travel from the origin in the direction of one axis, and the second number indicates how far to travel in the direction of the second axis, with the convention that the names of the two axes and the coordinates correspond (e.g., x-axis and x-coordinate, y-axis and y-coordinate).

HEALTH	
BENCHMARK CODE	BENCHMARK
НЕ.5.С.1.6	Explain how human body parts and organs work together in healthy body systems, including the endocrine and reproductive systems.

## **GRADE 5**

Supplemental Resources						
Content	Title					
Grade 5 FCAT Science Test Item Specifications	FCAT 2.0	http://fcat.fldoe.org/fcat2/pdf/FL09G5Sci.pdf				
Human Body	Chapter 3 Active Art: Cardiovascular System Games: Body Systems	https://www.pearsonsuccessnet.com/snpapp/login/login.jsp If not registered, click on the register button. Enter the access code <b>SFSCAL07FLEN05T</b> and your school's zip code. Log in. Click on Take it to the Net. Select Games and the Life Science Unit A.				
Human Body Investigation	Essential Lab # 9 "Feel the Beat: Pulse Rate" Resources	http://science.dadeschools.net/elem/instructionalResources.html Click on Grade 5 Science Essential Lab Quarter 3				
A diagram of the human body with the main organs labeled and descriptions of their functions.	The Human Body	http://www.quia.com/pages/humanbody2.html				
Function of the brain.	The Neuroscience coloring book	http://faculty.washington.edu/chudler/colorbook.html				
Have Ruby make different movements and observe what these movements do to her heart.	Keeping Healthy	http://www.bbc.co.uk/schools/scienceclips/ages/9_10/keeping_healthy.shtml				
Human Biologythe study of life on earth	Human Biology	www.Kidsbiology.com				
Video clips about how the human body works.	How the body works	www.kidshealth.org				
What would you like to explore?	Exploring the Human Body	www.kidsknowit.com				
Human Body	Health and Human Body Links	http://www.sciencespot.net/Pages/classbio.html#anchorhmnbdy				
Human Body	Marlins Think Tank Lesson #3 Human Body	http://miami.marlins.mlb.com/mia/downloads/y2012/Science%205.3.pdf				
CPALMS	My Epidermis Is Showing	http://www.cpalms.org/Resources/PublicPreviewResource.aspx?ResourceID=34536				
CPALMS	Are We Like Robots	http://www.cpalms.org/Resources/PublicPreviewResource.aspx?ResourceID=28009				
GIZMOS – Online Inquiry Human Body Organs and Functions	<u>Circulatory System</u> <u>Digestive System</u> <u>Inheritance</u>	http://www.explorelearning.com/index.cfm?method=cResource.dspDetail&ResourceID=662 http://www.explorelearning.com/index.cfm?method=cResource.dspDetail&ResourceID=1050 http://www.explorelearning.com/index.cfm?method=cResource.dspDetail&ResourceID=657				

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	Video	Tissues, Organs, and Organ Systems Heart and Circulatory System Lungs and Diaphragm Upper Digestive System Small Intestine Pancreas, Liver, and Large Intestine Systems The Skeletal System
		Peripheral Nervous System
		Skin
		Skin
		Hemispheres of the Brain
		Mission Control: Your Brain
		The Parts of Your Brain
		How the Heart Works
		Lungs and Diaphragm
		The Respiratory System
		Digestion: Mouth to Stomach
		Bones and Muscles
		Muscle Types
		The Female Reproductive System
		The Female Reproductive System
		The Male Reproductive System
		Eves
		Taste and Smell
	Instructional	Brain, model of; side view
	Images	Heart, human; model
		Lung, model of
	oBooks	Muscle, types of
em	EDOOKS	Lungs: Catchin' Air
27		Take a Breather
_		Different Types of Muscles
		Skeletal MusclesMove That Body!
<b>E</b>	Reading	Different Types of Muscles
E	Passages	Messages in Motion
		A Day in Your Digestive System

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			Pizza Delivery! Your Brain: Keeping Connected Lungs: Catchin' Air Take a Breather Bones and Muscles: Working Together The Skeleton and Muscles	
		Exploration	Digestion and Excretion Nervous System Circulation and Respiration Muscles and Bones	
		Animation	organ heart Lungs intestine stomach muscle bladder	
	×	Skill Builder	Science Lab: The Human Body	
		Instructional Game	The Whaddaya Know Quiz Show: The Human Body	

### MIAMI-DADE COUNTY PUBLIC SCHOOLS Instructional Focus Calendar

## **GRADE 5**

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Date	Pacing guide Benchmark(s)	Data Driven Benchmark(s)	Activities	Assessment(s)	Strategies
03-31-14 to 04-04-14	SC.5.L.14.1 Identify the organs in the human body and describe their functions, including the skin, brain, heart, lungs, stomach, liver, intestines, pancreas, muscles and skeleton, reproductive organs, kidneys, bladder, and sensory organs. SC.5.N.1.1 SC.5.N.1.2 SC.5.N.1.3 SC.5.N.1.4 SC.5.N.1.6 SC.5.N.2.1 SC.5.N.2.1 SC.5.N.2.2				